

WHO CARES?

Look with the eyes of your soul and see  
That pale girl there—yes! that is she;  
With wondrous hair of scintillant gold,  
Like a coil of sunshine careless rolled  
O'er a brow that knows but a single stain,  
Oh! its crimson shame! Oh! its white, white  
pain!

No mother's love could spring from dust  
To shield her from man's hellish lust.  
Who cares? who cares?  
Up and down through the gas-lit street,  
Through the long, long night, through the rain  
and sleet;  
Up and down with a weary tread,  
No matter the tears the wild eyes shed,  
No matter the pain in her love-crushed heart,  
No matter the cause of its endless smart;  
But what if she answered gaunt hangers call?  
No matter, we cannot forgive her fall.  
Who cares? who cares?

Up and down and to and fro,  
Weary, languidly, come and go  
These women fair, and crushed and lost—  
Fruit vessels, wrecked and tossed—  
No kindly word on their languid way,  
Has told where the sheels and quicksands lay;  
There's a broken rose, and they're hurried down  
To the sinful depths of the sinful town.  
Who cares? who cares?

Up and down through the dusty street,  
Some, pale as a maiden's winding sheet—  
Pate with some dream of a sinless yore,  
Of a mother's face by a cottage door—  
Pale with the fear by Christians made,  
No mercy for them with the heart betrayed—  
Pale from this thought, "Do us we may  
We're barred from the world's own proper  
way."  
Who cares? who cares?

Up the long street they come and go,  
We watch their rich silks rustling flow—  
Upon their bosom jewels rare,  
And the heart beneath—oh! there, yes, there,  
Lies a hope, perchance by angels given,  
Conceived in sin, to be born in heaven;  
"But let not her feet near my pathway stray,"  
Says the Pharisee, in her proper way.  
Who cares? who cares?

Ay, to and fro and up and down,  
Some with a silk, some a tattered gown;  
Some with a bold and desperate glance,  
Hurled madly forth like a keen, sharp lance;  
And some with the look of a wounded deer,  
Knowing the hounds and death are near;  
Some pleading charity, bread or pity—  
But the cry is drowned in the noisy city.  
Who cares? who cares?

There they go, through the long, long day,  
Unheeding the sun with its piercing ray,  
Unheeding the scorch that their glances greet,  
In the heat, cold eyes of all they meet;  
Unheeding—ah! not for the passer by  
May oftentimes catch a quick drawn sigh,  
That pleads like a voice for a little pity,  
From the narrow hearts of the great wide  
city.  
Who cares? who cares?

Men falsely woo and falsely woo—  
Pace women pardon the petty sin;  
Will smile on, while on, fate and better:  
The girl that's lost—a trifling matter!  
The girl's gone, perchance, in her woman's shame,  
To some den, to change her life, her name,  
Or, with broken heart hope brightens never,  
Has hushed its woe beneath the flowing river.  
Who cares? who cares?

By Magdalen's pale, pleading face,  
O'er which a Savior's eyes could trace  
The fall of penitential tears,  
Shed for the sins of sinful years;  
And by those pardoning words, low spoken,  
To that frail woman, bowed and broken;  
By the "sin no more," there's pity, love,  
In the City wide of the Far Above!  
He cares! He cares!

A FEARFUL ENCOUNTER.

A Negro Desperado from Georgia Shot in Nashville.

We learn from Deputy Sheriff Gibbs, who is just from Nashville, that a negro desperado named Lewis Travis was shot in that city last Saturday, by an officer while resisting an arrest. We take the following account of the affair from the Union and American of Sunday:

Travis was a true, Travis has committed murders and crimes enough, to hang half a dozen better men. It is said that near a year and a half ago he killed a Mr. Butler and wife near Griffin, Georgia. It is also stated that he murdered a Mr. Lavett and a colored woman and child and another party near Covington, Georgia. He had been tracked from one city to another, and pursued by the officers of the law for some time past, but had eluded them in every instance. The Georgia officers got an inkling of his whereabouts, and a Deputy Sheriff from Atlanta, with another officer, reached here a few evenings since for the purpose of making his arrest. Knowing the slippery character of the darky, however, they had left themselves quiet. About three o'clock on Saturday afternoon Mr. Skiles, the private watchman at the Chattanooga depot, had the darky pointed out to him on the sidewalk near the depot. He at once approached him for the purpose of making his arrest. Seeing that his case was a desperate one, the negro Travis resolved upon desperate chances. He drew his pistol and commenced firing at Skiles. He fired rapidly and at close quarters. One of the balls grazed Mr. Skiles' hand, and another took off a small part of the rim of the ear. Mr. Skiles broke his club over the darky's head, and then he also drew his pistol. It snapped twice. Just as the negro was preparing to fire the third shot, Mr. Skiles fired. The ball struck Travis in the head just above the right ear, penetrating and running downwards. The negro fell but got upon his feet again. In a bleeding and tottering condition he was taking to the depot, where a large crowd gathered together by the excitement. The negro was placed upon a stretcher in one of the rooms of the depot and medical aid was sent for.

He was thought to be dangerously if not fatally wounded. The instructions of the officers were to take him to Georgia dead or alive, and they expressed their intention to start that night with him no matter what his condition might be.

A VERY embarrassing case of mistaken identity occurred on board the Missouri Valley train, at Kansas City, the other day. The wife of a gentleman residing in that city had been visiting in St. Joseph for several weeks, and he was expecting her that evening. On the arrival of the train he entered the car and saw a lady whom he supposed to be his better half, sitting very cozily with her back to him. He very shyly approached and placed his hands over her eyes. The lady finally released herself and indignantly turned to ward him. It is impossible to imagine his surprise on finding the lady was an entire stranger. He offered the proper explanation and apology, and turning his eyes in another direction, discovered his bona fide wife looking on and quietly enjoying the affair.

The newly-discovered slate region in Minnesota extends twenty miles, and is the only deposit west of Pennsylvania.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

[REPORTED FOR THE CHRONICLE.]

Oliver, et al. vs. Wright executor, et al. Chancery. Settlement of estate. The heirs can file a bill and compel the executor, or administrator, to settle up, within the two years, when the bill shows there is no indebtedness upon the part of the deceased. The two years allowed by law to administrators is to protect the heirs, and not for the benefit of the administrator. The deed of gift of nine slaves conveyed no title, as he had no authority to convey. The title at the time of the emancipation was in the heirs, consequently the executor could not be charged with the value of the slaves. But is chargeable with the hire of them up to the date of emancipation. Reversed and modified, &c. Nicholson, Chief Justice.

Calhoun vs. Sturm. Motion to dismiss. By article 1, sec. 7, Constitution of Tennessee, when a member of Congress accepts the position of Supreme Judge, he vacates his seat in Congress, but Congress is the judge of its own members and who are such members. The Governor of the State can only appoint a Judge for the time between the vacancy, and the time prescribed by law for advertising an election. Therefore, the person commissioned to fill the unexpired term of the former Judge is void, but the actions of the party so commissioned are valid and binding. Motion disallowed. Nicholson, Chief Justice.

D. H. Cummings vs. R. Diggs. Trespass. Promissory note. Statute of limitation of one year, commencing, &c. Where an officer of either party in the late war took the property of the citizen, he was not responsible to the citizen, but to his government for the trespass. Both armies were entitled to belligerent rights during the late war. The party has a right to prove that he was an officer. Reversed. Nicholson, Chief Justice.

Newland, et al., vs. Gaines, et al. Chancery sale. A party has a right to assign his bid, but when the sale is set aside by the Chancellor, the assignment is null and void. The contract having failed by the reopening of the bidding, the assignee has no standing in Court, and consequently had no right to an appeal, the reasons assigned for opening the bidding are sufficient and satisfactory. Dismiss the appeal, &c. McFarland, Special Judge.

Rankins vs. Allen, et al. Chancery. The defendant must demur, and cannot rely upon a demurrer in his answer—the answering waives the demurrer. When the complainant files his bill, and alleges that he has the same money that he received from respondent, he must bring the identical money into Court and file the same with his bill. Affirmed. McFarland, Special Judge.

Southern Express Company vs. L. A. Warrick. Law cause; plea and demurrer, &c. The fact that the Agent received Confederate money was not illegal. In order to read as evidence, a printed receipt of the Company they must first show it to be a copy or the original. The fact of the concealment of bonds and notes, in the goods, does not prevent the plaintiff from recovering the value of the other goods shipped. "Public enemy" has a legal technical meaning. As an abstract proposition, the United States troops were enemies of the inhabitants residing in the Confederate States. Therefore, the capture of the goods by the United States troops was the capture by the public enemy, and was sufficient for the defendants to prove. Reversed. McFarland, Special Judge.

Robert Conley, adm'r., vs. Z. L. Bonars, et al. The fact of a war between the States revokes a power of attorney. While it is a fact that Confederate money had a value, as between citizens of the Confederate States; but as to citizens of what is known as "Loyal States," it does not apply. Affirmed. TURNER, Judge.

Bureau vs. Foster. Chancery. Bill and answer. A party wishing to rescind a bill of sale, can revive either by "bill of revivor" or by publication in some newspaper for four successive weeks before the revivor is to be made. The Supreme Court has authority to say how a suit shall be revived that is pending in that court. SHIELDS, Special Judge.

Jos. Mathes vs. Sol. Mathes; Chancery. Where the parties enter into a written contract to submit the matters in dispute to arbitration, the party is bound by the award of the arbitrators, and it is binding on all who sign the agreement. But when there has been any fraud or trickery on the part of one of the parties, a court of Chancery will set aside the award and grant the party the proper relief. Affirmed. SHIELDS, Special Judge.

The State vs. Quartermaster; Indictment, profruity. The indictment need not allege in what county the offense was committed. It is enough if the proof show this fact, though it were better to be stated in the indictment. Reversed. DEADKICK, Judge.

R. H. DeFreese vs. the State; Robbery. Where goods are obtained by artifice or trick, it is larceny, and it is proper in this character of cases to admit proof of the prisoner having tried to practice the same trick on others. The intention to commit the crime is the essence of the offense, and may be given in proof. It is the duty of the court below to watch over the interests of the prisoner and of the State, and to guard them equally, and he is not allowed to express either by word or look as to the merits or demerits of the proof. Reversed. SERRIN, Judge.

C. Lyons, et al., vs. Y. Wyck; Chancery. Petition for relieving. The assignment of a bid on the docket is evidence sufficient of the sum. A verbal agreement for the sale of land is void and cannot be enforced, and where there has been money paid on such assignment, the party can bring his action of assumpsit for its recovery. Where the vendor takes other security, it varies his lien on the land. When the equities are equal, the case falls within the law. Affirmed. NELSON, Judge.

Jos. A. Mabry vs. Geo. W. Ross, et al.; Chancery. Petition for a supersedeas. The writ of supersedeas to stop an execution where there is some great wrong about to be done. This court cannot restate an injunction dissolved by an inferior court, where there is no execution issued. This is not one of the cases in which this court can grant a supersedeas. Application disallowed. SERRIN, Judge.

Lyons, et al., vs. Wartburg; Trespass. Too admission of the statements made by third parties, in the absence of the defendant, is erroneous, for which this court will reverse. Reversed. DEADKICK, Judge.

Morrill, et al., vs. Reynolds; Chancery. The consideration of the notes was that Towars should enter the Confederate army as a substitute, &c. This was an illegal contract, and against public policy, and the courts will not enforce it. Affirm the decree. DEADKICK, Judge.

Anderson, by next friend, Shopford, vs. Estes; Trespass, plea justification. A soldier of the late Confederate army is not responsible for a trespass, when done under the orders of his superior officers, but this must be shown by proper plea. Reversed. McFarland, Special Judge.

RULES OF COURT.

It is ordered by the Court that the following be established as additional rules of practice in this Court:

In case of the death or marriage of any party to a cause or proceeding pending in this Court, making a revivor necessary, and no motion being made to revive by the party entitled to revive by motion, as now provided by law, the cause may be revived by *scire facias*, by bill of revivor, in cases in Chancery, or by publication as heretofore provided. If it should appear by return of the Sheriff upon a writ of *scire facias*, or upon the subpoena under a bill of revivor, that any defendant therein is not to be found, or if it be shown by affidavit filed that any of the causes exist which are specified in the 1st, 2d, 4th and 5th subdivisions of section 4352 of the Code, as grounds for dispensing with personal service of process, the Court, in term time, or the Clerk, in vacation, may make

an order, requiring such party to appear at a time specified and show cause why the suit should not be revived against him, a copy of which order shall be published for four consecutive weeks in some newspaper published at the place where the order is made, or in such other papers as the Court may order.

Writs of *scire facias*, or subpoenas upon bills of revivor and orders of publication, if issued or made in term time, may be made returnable as the Court or Clerk may direct. If issued or made in vacation, such writs or orders of publication may be made returnable to the first day of the next term, or to any rule day in vacation; and in the latter case, after due publication, or service of the writ, if no defense is made, or cause shown against the revivor, the Clerk may, at any rule day in vacation succeeding such return day, enter an order reviving the cause.

The first Monday of every month shall be a rule day, and the Clerk shall keep a rule docket, in which he shall enter all orders made by him under these rules.

Taylor, et al., vs. Walker, et al.; Chancery. Land sold by order of the Chancery Court, where the parties are not served with process, conveys no title to the purchaser, and such sale is void. The mere fact that there was a guardian *ad litem* appointed by the Court, who answered for the minors, does not cure the defect and is not sufficient to bring the parties in Court. An administrator who purchases at a sale is supposed to purchase the land as trustee for the heirs, as he is the implied trustee for them, and no statute of limitation will run against the heirs unless he notify them of the fact that he holds adversely to them. Reverse the decree and declare the title in the heirs, order an account as to rents and profits, &c. NELSON, Judge.

Keenan vs. Baker; Chancery. In order to set a sale aside, for fraud in the purchaser getting the vendor drunk, the proof must show that the vendor was in a condition of mental incapacity at the time the trade was made. Affirm the decree and order an account as to what would be a reasonable allowance for his yearly support. DEADKICK, Judge.

Martin, et al., vs. Martin, et al.; Chancery. Weakness of understanding is a strong ground for fraud; all contracts of an agent must be scrutinized with great care. The absolute owner of property has a right to dispose of it as he sees fit. Where the evidence shows at the time the party made the deed he thought he was making a will, excites suspicion; and it devolves on the opposite party to show clearly by proof that the party was of sound mind, and that the transaction was fairly done. The fact that the deed was antedated is a strong circumstance to show fraud. Where a man seventy-one years of age makes a deed of all his property to two of his sons, and excludes all the other heirs, the proof must show clearly that the deed was made freely and voluntarily. Reversed. Nicholson, Special Judge.

The Court adjourned yesterday.

STATE NEWS.

Pork packing has commenced in Nashville. Horse thieves are operating in Davidson county.

The Masonic Grand Chapter is in session in session in Nashville.

Gov. Senter will not be able to attend the immigration convention at Indianapolis on the 22d instant, on account of his official duties.

The *Silver Spectator*, is to be the title of a monthly paper to be published at Morristown. Metcalf and Strasburg have been designated as the points in France to which money orders can be forwarded under the North German system.

Wm. Wright, Esq., a citizen of Gallatin, fell from a wagon last Tuesday, and received injuries from the effect of which he died the next day.

House building is fine business in Chattanooga. One builder has twenty-five houses under contract now, and several others have smaller numbers.

A little boy, son of Dr. Williams, of Corinth, fell beneath two cars on a train on the Memphis and Chattanooga railroad the other day and was crushed to death.

Forty indictments have been found in the U. S. District Court against persons who are holding office contrary to the provision of the Fourteenth amendment—*Memphis Appeal*.

Last Saturday evening, in a race at the Paris, Tennessee, Fair grounds, a young man by the name of Brockwell, was thrown from his horse against a tree, and seriously if not fatally injured.

Sheriff Porter and his deputies, of Henry county, made a raid upon some violators of the law last Monday, in the vicinity of Caledonia, in that county, and captured two men by the name of Edward Gustar and Henry Miller.

W. L. Hathaway, a Lieutenant in Blackburn's command during the war, was killed at Liberty on the 8th inst. Two constables tried to arrest him, when he drew a pistol and they at once shot him down.

A negro was shot and killed by disguised men at Normandy, on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, last Wednesday night, and the body of the negro was sent to Fosterville for interment. We were unable to learn further particulars.

A serious disturbance took place at Spring Hill on the evening of the 10th inst., says the *Nashville Banner*, between Col. Thomas H. Poole, State Senator elect, and S. A. Pointer, Esq. Several shots were exchanged between the parties, resulting in the death of the former. Mr. Pointer was not hurt.

A very large number of Scandinavians are daily arriving in Memphis and are rapidly being furnished with employment at the several labor agencies that have been established in the city. The majority go to the neighboring State of Arkansas, while many are settling in West Tennessee.

A WILD romance in a St. Louis paper comes to this sad conclusion: "At noon she was dying, when the door bell was savagely rung, the servant hurried up, three steps at a time, entered the room without asking permission, and dropping exhausted in front of her bed, handed her a sealed tin box. The mother rapidly opened it; it was the chignon. She took it in her pale hand; a curl of light brown hair—the same of which a part was cut and sent to New York as a sample to match the color of the chignon—hung over the shoulder; she hung the chignon near the ear, and whispered, 'It is exactly the shade,' and then she dropped it and was dead."

Chisholm, the present English home of the ex-Empress Eugenie, is rented from a Mr. Strode; and, singularly enough, Strode is only a trustee managing the property of Count Beauregard, illegitimate son of Louis Napoleon's mistress, Miss Howard, and thus a sort of brevet stepson of the Empress herself. It is not likely she was aware of her real landlord's name when she rented the place.

COMMERCIAL.

Knoxville Wholesale Market.

Review of the Produce Market for the week ending November 14, 1870.

COLLECTED BY J. W. GAUT, MARKET SQUARE.

KNOXVILLE, November 14, 1870.

There has been no material change in the produce trade during the past week, except an increased demand for wheat and oats, with prices remaining as last quoted.

Some interest is manifested by farmers in the opening pork market. Good hogs can be bought at 7 cents gross, but packers do not show much disposition to operate. The season is unusually fine for the maturity and gathering of corn crop. We hope and expect to see this grain put upon the market in good condition.

WHEAT is readily taken at \$5.00 for prime white, 75¢ for red, as to quality, and \$5.00 for Walker or Amber, as to quality.

CORN—Too early for shipment. A limited local demand at 50¢. If we can get a material reduction in freight, we will have a large demand from the South. The present high railroad rate will turn orders to the West.

OATS—Firm and in demand at 30¢ for loose sacked, 35¢ for sacked, and 40¢ for sacked and delivered.

FLOUR—Limited supply. The local trade is supplied at \$2.75 for 50 lb sack. The shipment of this article to the South will depend much upon railroad freight.

Bacon—Strong demand. Choice cuts out at high prices, owing to the scarcity of the article. Early curing will meet a ready sale at full prices, but prices will rule low next summer. No transactions for want of stock.

LARD—Nothing doing. This article will be in demand early in the coming season.

FEATHERS—Fair demand at 60¢ for prime mixed, 50¢ for 2nd, and 40¢ for 3rd.

BUTTER—Better supply. 20¢ for 1st, 18¢ for 2nd, 16¢ for 3rd.

EGGS—Worth 10¢. Packed for shipment 20¢.

DRIED FRUIT—in brisk demand. Pared apples 50¢, 35¢ for whole, 25¢ for sliced.

IRISH POTATOES—Large shipping varieties readily taken at 50¢ per bushel.

GREEN APPLES—Well selected, large, smooth apples are wanted at 40¢ per bushel, for shipment.

BEST CATTLE—Our butchers continue to pay 21¢ for 1st, 19¢ for 2nd, and 17¢ for 3rd.

MUTTON—We pay \$2.00 for 30 lb head, 1.50 for 25 lb head, and 1.25 for 20 lb head. It is thought 60¢ for 1st, 50¢ for 2nd, and 40¢ for 3rd.

Knoxville Retail Market.

Apples—dried, 45¢; 1st, 50¢; 2nd, 40¢; 3rd, 30¢; 4th, 20¢; 5th, 10¢; 6th, 5¢; 7th, 2¢; 8th, 1¢; 9th, 50¢; 10th, 40¢; 11th, 30¢; 12th, 20¢; 13th, 10¢; 14th, 5¢; 15th, 2¢; 16th, 1¢; 17th, 50¢; 18th, 40¢; 19th, 30¢; 20th, 20¢; 21st, 10¢; 22nd, 5¢; 23rd, 2¢; 24th, 1¢; 25th, 50¢; 26th, 40¢; 27th, 30¢; 28th, 20¢; 29th, 10¢; 30th, 5¢; 31st, 2¢; 32nd, 1¢; 33rd, 50¢; 34th, 40¢; 35th, 30¢; 36th, 20¢; 37th, 10¢; 38th, 5¢; 39th, 2¢; 40th, 1¢; 41st, 50¢; 42nd, 40¢; 43rd, 30¢; 44th, 20¢; 45th, 10¢; 46th, 5¢; 47th, 2¢; 48th, 1¢; 49th, 50¢; 50th, 40¢; 51st, 30¢; 52nd, 20¢; 53rd, 10¢; 54th, 5¢; 55th, 2¢; 56th, 1¢; 57th, 50¢; 58th, 40¢; 59th, 30¢; 60th, 20¢; 61st, 10¢; 62nd, 5¢; 63rd, 2¢; 64th, 1¢; 65th, 50¢; 66th, 40¢; 67th, 30¢; 68th, 20¢; 69th, 10¢; 70th, 5¢; 71st, 2¢; 72nd, 1¢; 73rd, 50¢; 74th, 40¢; 75th, 30¢; 76th, 20¢; 77th, 10¢; 78th, 5¢; 79th, 2¢; 80th, 1¢; 81st, 50¢; 82nd, 40¢; 83rd, 30¢; 84th, 20¢; 85th, 10¢; 86th, 5¢; 87th, 2¢; 88th, 1¢; 89th, 50¢; 90th, 40¢; 91st, 30¢; 92nd, 20¢; 93rd, 10¢; 94th, 5¢; 95th, 2¢; 96th, 1¢; 97th, 50¢; 98th, 40¢; 99th, 30¢; 100th, 20¢; 101st, 10¢; 102nd, 5¢; 103rd, 2¢; 104th, 1¢; 105th, 50¢; 106th, 40¢; 107th, 30¢; 108th, 20¢; 109th, 10¢; 110th, 5¢; 111th, 2¢; 112th, 1¢; 113th, 50¢; 114th, 40¢; 115th, 30¢; 116th, 20¢; 117th, 10¢; 118th, 5¢; 119th, 2¢; 120th, 1¢; 121st, 50¢; 122nd, 40¢; 123rd, 30¢; 124th, 20¢; 125th, 10¢; 126th, 5¢; 127th, 2¢; 128th, 1¢; 129th, 50¢; 130th, 40¢; 131st, 30¢; 132nd, 20¢; 133rd, 10¢; 134th, 5¢; 135th, 2¢; 136th, 1¢; 137th, 50¢; 138th, 40¢; 139th, 30¢; 140th, 20¢; 141st, 10¢; 142nd, 5¢; 143rd, 2¢; 144th, 1¢; 145th, 50¢; 146th, 40¢; 147th, 30¢; 148th, 20¢; 149th, 10¢; 150th, 5¢; 151st, 2¢; 152nd, 1¢; 153rd, 50¢; 154th, 40¢; 155th, 30¢; 156th, 20¢; 157th, 10¢; 158th, 5¢; 159th, 2¢; 160th, 1¢; 161st, 50¢; 162nd, 40¢; 163rd, 30¢; 164th, 20¢; 165th, 10¢; 166th, 5¢; 167th, 2¢; 168th, 1¢; 169th, 50¢; 170th, 40¢; 171st, 30¢; 172nd, 20¢; 173rd, 10¢; 174th, 5¢; 175th, 2¢; 176th, 1¢; 177th, 50¢; 178th, 40¢; 179th, 30¢; 180th, 20¢; 181st, 10¢; 182nd, 5¢; 183rd, 2¢; 184th, 1¢; 185th, 50¢; 186th, 40¢; 187th, 30¢; 188th, 20¢; 189th, 10¢; 190th, 5¢; 191st, 2¢; 192nd, 1¢; 193rd, 50¢; 194th, 40¢; 195th, 30¢; 196th, 20¢; 197th, 10¢; 198th, 5¢; 199th, 2¢; 200th, 1¢; 201st, 50¢; 202nd, 40¢; 203rd, 30¢; 204th, 20¢; 205th, 10¢; 206th, 5¢; 207th, 2¢; 208th, 1¢; 209th, 50¢; 210th, 40¢; 211st, 30¢; 212th, 20¢; 213th, 10¢; 214th, 5¢; 215th, 2¢; 216th, 1¢; 217th, 50¢; 218th, 40¢; 219th, 30¢; 220th, 20¢; 221st, 10¢; 222nd, 5¢; 223rd, 2¢; 224th, 1¢; 225th, 50¢; 226th, 40¢; 227th, 30¢; 228th, 20¢; 229th, 10¢; 230th, 5¢; 231st, 2¢; 232nd, 1¢; 233rd, 50¢; 234th, 40¢; 235th, 30¢; 236th, 20¢; 237th, 10¢; 238th, 5¢; 239th, 2¢; 240th, 1¢; 241st, 50¢; 242nd, 40¢; 243rd, 30¢; 244th, 20¢; 245th, 10¢; 246th, 5¢; 247th, 2¢; 248th, 1¢; 249th, 50¢; 250th, 40¢; 251st, 30¢; 252nd, 20¢; 253rd, 10¢; 254th, 5¢; 255th, 2¢; 256th, 1¢; 257th, 50¢; 258th, 40¢; 259th, 30¢; 260th, 20¢; 261st, 10¢; 262nd, 5¢; 263rd, 2¢; 264th, 1¢; 265th, 50¢; 266th, 40¢; 267th, 30¢; 268th, 20¢; 269th, 10¢; 270th, 5¢; 271st, 2¢; 272nd, 1¢; 273rd, 50¢; 274th, 40¢; 275th, 30¢; 276th, 20¢; 277th, 10¢; 278th, 5¢; 279th, 2¢; 280th, 1¢; 281st, 50¢; 282nd, 40¢; 283rd, 30¢; 284th, 20¢; 285th, 10¢; 286th, 5¢; 287th, 2¢; 288th, 1¢; 289th, 50¢; 290th, 40¢; 291st, 30¢; 292nd, 20¢; 293rd, 10¢; 294th, 5¢; 295th, 2¢; 296th, 1¢; 297th, 50¢; 298th, 40¢; 299th, 30¢; 300th, 20¢; 301st, 10¢; 302nd, 5¢; 303rd, 2¢; 304th, 1¢; 305th, 50¢; 306th, 40¢; 307th, 30¢; 308th, 20¢; 309th, 10¢; 310th, 5¢; 311st, 2¢; 312th, 1¢; 313th, 50¢; 314th, 40¢; 315th, 30¢; 316th, 20¢; 317th, 10¢; 318th, 5¢; 319th, 2¢; 320th, 1¢; 321st, 50¢; 322nd, 40¢; 323rd, 30¢; 324th, 20¢; 325th, 10¢; 326th, 5¢; 327th, 2¢; 328th, 1¢; 329th, 50¢; 330th, 40¢; 331st, 30¢; 332nd, 20¢; 333rd, 10¢; 334th, 5¢; 335th, 2¢; 336th, 1¢; 337th, 50¢; 338th, 40¢; 339th, 30¢; 340th, 20¢; 341st, 10¢; 342nd, 5¢; 343rd, 2¢; 344th, 1¢; 345th, 50¢; 346th, 40¢; 347th, 30¢; 348th, 20¢; 349th, 10¢; 350th, 5¢; 351st, 2¢; 352nd, 1¢; 353rd, 50¢; 354th, 40¢; 355th, 30¢; 356th, 20¢; 357th, 10¢; 358th, 5¢; 359th, 2¢; 360th, 1¢; 361st, 50¢; 362nd, 40¢; 363rd, 30¢; 364th, 20¢; 365th, 10¢; 366th, 5¢; 367th, 2¢; 368th, 1¢; 369th, 50¢; 370th, 40¢; 371st, 30¢; 372nd, 20¢; 373rd, 10¢; 374th, 5¢; 375th, 2¢; 376th, 1¢; 377th, 50¢; 378th, 40¢; 379th, 30¢; 380th, 20¢; 381st, 10¢; 382nd, 5¢; 383rd, 2¢; 384th, 1¢; 385th, 50¢; 386th, 40¢; 387th, 30¢; 388th, 20¢; 389th, 10¢; 390th, 5¢; 391st, 2¢; 392nd, 1¢; 3